# MAY 27 2004

## **SECTION II**

# 510(k) SUMMARY

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is submitted in accordance with the requirements of SMDA 1990 and 21 CFR 807.92.

510(k) Number:

K040411

## Submitter:

Microgenics Corporation 46360 Fremont Blvd Fremont, CA 94538

Telephone: (510)-979-5012 Facsimile: (510) 979-5212

## **Contact Person:**

David Casal, Ph.D.

Vice-President, Clinical, Regulatory and Quality Affairs

Telephone: (510)-979-5012 Facsimile: (510) 979-5212

#### **Preparation Date:**

February 17, 2004

### **Device Information:**

Device Classification Name: Radioimmunoassay, Oxycodone

Common/Usual Name:

Oxycodone Immunoassay Test System

Proprietary Name:

DRI® Oxycodone Assay

Regulation Number:

21 CFR§862.3650

Regulatory Name:

Oxycodone test system

Product Code:

DJG

Regulatory Class:

Class II

#### **Predicate Devices:**

The DRI® Oxycodone Assay is substantially equivalent to the Rapidone-Oxy Test (K014101) manufactured by American Bio Medica Corp (Columbia, MD) for its general intended use.

### **Device Description:**

The DRI® Oxycodone Assay is supplied as liquid ready-to-use homogeneous enzyme immunoassay. The assay uses specific antibodies that can detect oxycodone and oxymorphone without significant cross-reactivity to other opiate compounds. The assay is based on competition between oxycodone labeled with glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PDH), and free oxycodone present in the urine sample for a fixed amount of specific antibody binding sites. In the absence of free oxycodone in the sample, the specific antibody binds the drug labeled with G6PDH and causes a decrease in enzyme activity. This phenomenon creates a direct relationship between the drug concentration in urine and enzyme activity. The enzyme activity is determined spectrophotometrically at 340 nm by measuring the conversion of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD) to NADH.

## **Intended Use:**

The DRI®Oxycodone Enzyme Immunoassay is intended for the qualitative and semi-quantitative detection of oxycodone in human urine.

The assay provides only a preliminary analytical test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography /mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are used.

# Comparison to Predicate Device(s):

The information provided in this pre-market notification demonstrates that the DRI® Oxycodone Assay is substantially equivalent to the Rapidone-Oxy Test (K014101) manufactured by American Bio Medica Corp (Columbia, MD) for its general intended use.

Device	Subject Device	Predicate Device (K014101)
1	Subject Device	colcate Device (MV14101)
Characteristics Intended Use	The DRI®Oxycodone Enzyme Immunoassay is intended for the qualitative and semi-quantitative detection of oxycodone in human urine.  The assay provides only a preliminary analytical test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography /mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are used.	RapidOne-OXY Test is a one-step, lateral flow immunoassay for detection of oxycodone in urine.  RapidOne-OXY Test is intended for the qualitative detection of oxycodone in human urine ate 100 ng/mL.  RapidOne-OXY Test is intended for professional use. It is not intended for over the counter sales to non-professionals. The assay is easy to perform, but should not be used without proper supervision. This immunoassay is a simplified qualitative screening method that provides only a preliminary result for use in determining the need for additional confirmatory testing, i.e., gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS).  The RapidOne-OXY Test provides only a preliminary analytical test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used to obtain a more confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography /mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are used.
Analyte	Oxycodone	Oxycodone
Matrix	Urine	Urine
Calibrator Form	Liquid	None
Calibrator Levels	Five (5) Levels (0, 100, 300, 500 and 1000 ng/mL)	None
Storage	2°C to 8°C until expiration date	Room temperature or refrigerated (2 to 8°C).
Stability	Until expiration date noted on vial label and Package Insert for Kit and reconstituted reagents.	Until expiration date noted on vial label.

## **Summary:**

The information provided in this pre-market notification demonstrates that the DRI® Oxycodone Assay is substantially equivalent to the Rapidone-Oxy Test (K014101) manufactured by American Bio Medica Corp (Columbia, MD) for its general intended use. Substantial equivalence was demonstrated through comparison of intended use and physical properties to the commercially available predicate device as confirmed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry, an independent analytical method.. The information supplied in this pre-market notification provides reasonable assurance that the DRI® Oxycodone Assay is safe and effective for its stated intended use.

## **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES**



MAR 11 2010

Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Mail Center – WO66-0609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

Microgenics Corporation
Thermo Fisher Scientific, Clinical Diagnostic Division
c/o Lisa Charter
Manager, Regulatory Affairs
46360 Fremont Blvd.
Fremont, CA 94538-6406

Re:

k040411

Trade/Device Name: DRI Oxycodone Assay

DRI Oxycodone Calibrators DRI Oxycodone Controls

Regulation Number: 21CFR 862.3650 Regulation Name: Opiate Test System

Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: DJG, DLJ, LAS Dated: February 17, 2004 Received: March 2, 2004

Dear Ms. Charter:

This letter corrects our substantially equivalent letter of May 27, 2004.

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device Evaluation and Safety at (301) 796-5450. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding postmarket surveillance, please contact CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometric's (OSB's) Division of Postmarket Surveillance at (301) 796-5760. For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm">http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm</a> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-5680 or at its Internet address <a href="http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm">http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm</a>.

Sincerely yours,

Courtney C. Harper, Ph.D.

Director

Division of Chemistry and Toxicology Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device

**Evaluation and Safety** 

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

**Enclosure** 

# **INDICATIONS FOR USE**

K040411

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510(k) Number (if known): Kertores			
Device name: DRI® Oxycodone Assay			
Indications for Use:			
The DRI® Oxycodone Assay is intended to be used for the qualitative and semi- quantitative determination of the presence of oxycodone in human urine at cutoffs of 100 and 300 ng/mL. The assay provides a simple and rapid analytical screening procedure to detect oxycodone in human urine.			
The assay provides only a preliminary analytical test result. A more specific alternative chemical method must be used to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas chromatography /mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary results are used.			
The DRI <sup>®</sup> Oxycodone Calibrators are used to calibrate the DRI <sup>®</sup> Oxycodone Assay in human urine.			
The DRI® Oxycodone Controls are used to qualify the DRI® Oxycodone Assay in human urine.			
Prescription Use X AND/OR Over-the Counter Use (21 CFR §801 Subpart D) (21 CFR §807 Subpart C)			
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE - CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)			
Concurrence of CDRH, Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Devices (OIVD)			
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Office of in Vitro Diagnostic
Device Evaluation and Safety

510(k) KO404//